### Parts of Speech

There are eight **parts of speech** in the English language: noun, pronoun, verb, adjective, adverb, preposition, conjunction, and interjection. The **part of speech** indicates how the word functions in meaning as well as grammatically within the sentence.

#### Nouns

Names person, place, thing, idea
Examples: book, dog, Sam, air, freedom

#### Pronoun

• Used in place of a noun or another pronoun

• Examples: I, you, he, she, their, them, they, all, myself, that, which, whom, those, nothing

# Adjective

- Used to modify (or describe) a noun or pronoun
- <u>Gray sky, five</u> fingers, <u>this</u> picture, <u>either</u> car, <u>cheese</u> sandwich,
- Includes the "articles": a, an, the

A Verb is a word that...

- Does an Action
  - exclaimed, ran, eat, sang, thinks
- Shows a State of Being
  - am, is, are, was, were, be, being, been
- Links two words together
  - They are a problem. I am tired.
  - like an = sign
- Helps another verb
  - will call, does (not) want, have borrowed, had played

Am \* is \* are was were \* be \* being\* been \*\* have has had \* do does did \* shall will should would may might must\*\* can could

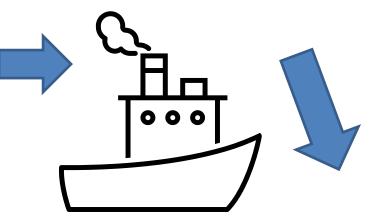
### Adverb

- Modifies verb, adjective, or another adverb
- He arrived early.
- We lived there.
- She quickly agreed.
- They partly completed their homework.



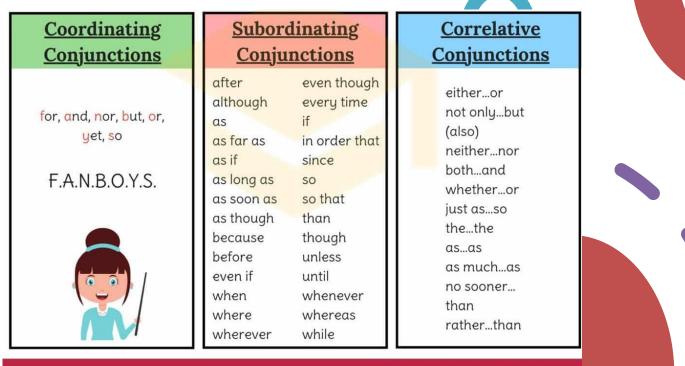
#### Preposition

- Word that shows the relationship of a noun or pronoun to another word
- At, for, over, under, for, until, without
- Think: THE BOAT



# Conjunction

Joins words or groups of words





# Interjection

- Word that expresses emotion
- No grammatical relationship to the rest of the sentence
- Oops, hey, whoa, yeah, yea, uh-oh

